

CLAIMS

- C 1. A polypeptide consisting of or comprising at least one amino acid sequence of at most 20 consecutive amino-acids defined in SEQ ID NO: 1, said polypeptide binding at least one MHC-I glycoprotein, with the proviso that said polypeptide is different from SEQ ID NO: 2.
2. The polypeptide of claim 1, wherein the amino acid sequence is selected from the group consisting of the amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID NO: 3 to SEQ ID NO: 33, SEQ ID NO: 65 and SEQ ID NO: 66.
- C 3. The polypeptide of claim 1 ~~or 2;~~ wherein the amino acid sequence is selected from the group consisting of:
- SEQ ID NO: 3 to SEQ ID NO: 6 and SEQ ID NO: 65 and SEQ ID NO: 66, and said polypeptide binds the HLA A2 glycoproteins of MHC-I;
 - SEQ ID NO: 7 to SEQ ID NO: 15, and said polypeptide binds the HLA B7 glycoproteins of MHC-I;
 - SEQ ID NO: 16 to SEQ ID NO: 19, and said polypeptide binds the HLA A3 glycoprotein of MHC-I;
 - SEQ ID NO: 19 to SEQ ID NO: 21, and said polypeptide binds the HLA A11 glycoproteins of MHC-I;
 - SEQ ID NO: 22 to SEQ ID NO: 25, and said polypeptide binds the HLA A24 glycoproteins of MHC-I;
 - SEQ ID NO: 26 to SEQ ID NO: 29, and said polypeptide binds the HLA A1 glycoproteins of MHC-I; and
 - SEQ ID NO: 30 to SEQ ID NO: 33, and said polypeptide binds the HLA B8 glycoproteins of MHC-I.
- C 4. An analogue of the polypeptide of ~~any one of claims 1 to 3;~~ which is capable of inhibiting the binding of the polypeptide or of an epitope contained in said polypeptide to a T cell receptor either by directly binding to the same T cell receptor or by binding to the same T cell receptor after being processed.